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Reno Evening Gazette.

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VOL. XXVIII.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1890.

NO. 135.

MISCELLANEOUS



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
It is the only baking powder that is pure, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

S. J. HODGKINSON,

DRUGGIST.

FINE PERFUMES AND TOILET ARTICLES.

ARTICLES.

EYE GLASSES AND SPECTACLES.

C. NOVACOVICH. H. J. BERRY.

BERRY & NOVACOVICH,

DEALERS IN

FANCY GROCERIES

Green and Dried Fruits, Vegetables, Hardware, Crockery, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars.

ALL THE NOVELTIES IN FANCY Groceries. No need to send away for choice goods. Cash trade solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

SAMUEL JELLY,
Watchmaker,

—And Importer of—

Jewelry, Watches, Diamond Work,

SILVERWARE, ETC.

422 J STREET, BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH, SACRAMENTO, CAL.
Particular attention given to manufacturing jewelry, and repairing clock, watches, jewelry, etc., etc.

THE GAZETTE has the finest assortment of new, modern job type, rules and ornaments to be found on the coast, and can compete with any office in quality, price, workmanship and promptness.

Carriages, Wagons, Carts, Etc

W. J. LUKE CARRIES THE BEST class of goods to be found on the coast.
Agent for Studebaker's Fine Carriages, which cannot be excelled; agent for Fraxer's Road Carts and Sulkeys—the best; also agent for the U. S. Carriage Co.

The Best Horse-shoeing in Nevada.
W. J. LUKE. 9-2

\$1,000 REWARD FOR ANY CASE of private disease, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Rheumatism, Syphilis, Scrofula, etc., which is cured by the use of the medicine.

DR. RICHAUD'S GOLDEN REMEDIES

FAIL TO CURE.
No mercury, no restriction of diet. Circulars sent. Correspondence answered promptly. Address DR. D. B. RICHARDS, No. 228 Varick Street, New York.

RUPTURE AND PILES.
We positively cure all kinds of Rupture and Piles, no matter how long standing, in from 30 to 60 days, without the use of knife, drawing blood, or detention from business. Terms, No Cure No Pay, and No Pay Until Cured. Address, Dr. Porterfield & Loney, 838 Market, S. F.

FOR MEN ONLY!
A POSITIVE CURE FOR LOSS OF VIGOR, WEAKNESS OF BODY AND MIND, ETC. Address, Dr. Porterfield & Loney, 838 Market, S. F.

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A CINCINNATI FIRE.

A Proposed New Canadian Railroad.

THE ENTOMBED COAL MINERS.

All of Whom Are Thought to Be Dead.

Proceedings of the Pan-American Congress.

The Pan-American Congress

WASHINGTON, March 11.—At a meeting of the Pan-American Conference yesterday a report was received from the committee to consider the best means of extending and improving the facilities for commercial, postal and telegraphic communication between the countries that border upon the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea. The committee says the telegraph rates make it practically impossible to do business over the present lines, and recommended that steps be taken to secure a moderate scale of charges; this failing, that charters should be granted to an independent cable company.

The committee says plans have been discussed in this country for the establishment of rapid steamship service between Tampa, Fla., and Mobile, Ala., and the ports of Colon, Port La mon, Costa Rica, and Greytown, Nicaragua. Such a line would shorten the time of transportation of mails from New York or Chicago to Colon six and a half days. Similar lines connecting New Orleans with Caribbean Sea ports were suggested by the committee. The committee, in conclusion, recommended to all nations bordering on the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea, the granting by the Government and the establishment of a first-class steamship service.

Think They are All Dead.

LONDON, March 11.—Four of the miners entombed by the explosion yesterday in the Moras colliery, Morganshire, Wales, escaped without assistance. They crawled through a crevice between the roof of the mine and the debris. They passed over dead men lying in heaps, and they believe that none of those in the pit are alive.

The fire which followed the explosion became so fierce that the parties searching for the dead were compelled to withdraw from the mine.

To-Day's Drawing.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 11.—The following were the Louisiana Lottery drawings to-day:

Ticket 8,132 wins \$300,000.
Ticket 14,794 wins \$100,000.
Ticket 10,122 wins \$50,000.
Ticket 26,354 wins \$25,000.
Ticket 14,087 wins \$10,000.
Tickets 15,622, 93,188, 17,306, 32,577 and 20,882 each win \$5,000.

A Restriction Act Decision.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 11.—Acting upon the advice of the Attorney General, Secretary Windom has decided that Chinese merchants coming to this country for the first time, provided with the certificate prescribed by section 6 of the Act of July 5, 1884, cannot be permitted to land in the United States, notwithstanding the fact that they are not laborers.

Final Resignation.

PESTH, March 11.—At a conference to-day between the Emperor, Herr Von Tisza and Count Von Szapary to consider the Ministerial situation, Tisza definitely resigned the office of Prime Minister, and Szapary was appointed to succeed him. No other changes were made in the Cabinet.

Material Reduction.

QUEBEC, March 11.—In the local Legislature yesterday afternoon a resolution was passed in favor of the construction of a railroad from Quebec to St. Charles Bay, on the Labrador coast. This line would reduce the distance to Europe 332 miles.

A Federal Nomination.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Smith, Deputy Paymaster-General, to be a Paymaster-General, with rank of Brigadier-General.

Heavy Fire Loss.

CINCINNATI, March 11.—Last night's fire in the big clothing house of Stern, Meyer & Co. gutted the entire establishment. The loss on the stock is \$400,000, and the building cost \$200,000; insurance, \$250,000.

Congressional Matters.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 11.—In pursuance of an agreement on Saturday the public building bills which on that day passed the Committee of the Whole came up this morning with the previous question ordered.

Baker, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill for the admission of Wyoming, and asked its immediate consideration.

Springer opposed the request, but by a strict party vote the House decided to consider the bill.

The building bills passed providing for the erection of public buildings at various minor towns at an aggregate expenditure of \$1,850,000.

SENATE.

The House amendment to the Senate concurrent resolution instructing the Senate and House Committees on Immigration to investigate the working of the various laws on immigration was taken up. It adds to the scope of the inquiry the subject of the purchase of American industries by foreign capital. After some discussion the matter went over without action.

Among the petitions presented and referred was one from Florida asking for a duty of one dollar per box on foreign oranges.

Mitchell introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of Senators by a direct vote.

Merrill offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to report any information in the possession of his Department relating to the authorizing of a lottery company by the Indian Territorial Government of the Creek Nation.

Hoar called up the resolution reported by him yesterday for the exclusion from the record of the sentences interpolated by Call in the report of his remarks in his discussion with Chandler some weeks ago.

In the course of his remarks on the controversy, Edmunds used an expression which Daniels of Virginia construed to impute the crime of murder to Eustis of Louisiana.

Daniels demanded that the words of Edmunds be taken down, and the further proceedings of the Senate were suspended to allow the reporter to write out the objectionable words.

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

By Associated Press.]

BOSTON, Mar. 11.—A proposed amendment to the constitution of the United States has been drawn up by lawyer W. A. Butler of New York, acting in consultation with ex-Governor Long of Massachusetts, the object of which is to prevent the use of public money in any way for any private educational institutions under control of religious denominations. Petitions with the proposed amendment accompanying will be distributed throughout the States with a preamble declaring for a non-union of church and State.

Wanted Her Treated Leniently.

LONDON, March 11.—The trial of Elizabeth Vincent at Richmond, charged with attempting to murder Lewis Henry Isaacs, a member of the House of Commons, began to-day.

Isaacs testified that the paper which he refused to sign, which refused to the shooting, was a document admitting that he had seduced the defendant by violence. He expressed a wish that the Court would deal leniently with Miss Vincent, and that the jury return a verdict of not guilty.

The Trouble Not Ended.

ST. LOUIS, Mar. 11.—Emile Thomas, recently elected City Marshal at a special election, to-day took forcible possession of the office. The incumbent, Martin Neiser, was elected at the regular election, but failed to qualify owing to legal disabilities. Neiser claims the special election was not legal, and steadily refused to vacate the office. The trouble is by no means ended.

Senator Stanford's Fine Horses.

MAYFIELD, Cal., Mar. 11.—One hundred and three valuable horses from Senator Stanford's Palo Alto stables were shipped by special train to-day to New York. Thirty-two are colts from the famous stallion Election. The entire lot is valued at \$200,000.

Plain Declaration.

LONDON, March 11.—A Lisbon correspondent of the Times says Ribero, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in an interview with Director Magniac of the Delagoa Bay Railway, plainly declared that neither England nor America had any right to interfere in railway matters.

Dissolved by a Decree.

LISBON, March 11.—The Government to-day issued a decree dissolving the municipal government of this city and appointing a Commission to administer affairs, pending the reforms which the Government is considering.

Bar silver 96 1/2.

A BURGLAR KILLED.

A Brave Girl Who Can Care for Herself.

EX-CONGRESSMAN TAULBEE DEAD.

A Remarkable Case of Wife Trading.

European Labor Conference—Brazilian Matters.

A Brave Girl.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 10.—Last night a burglar was slain in Sampson county by Alice Kinney, a young girl 19 years of age, and her bravery has made her the heroine of her county. Miss Kinney's father is dead, and she lives alone with her mother on a farm. Miss Kinney was aroused by the noise of some one in an adjoining room. She at once realized that a burglar was in the house, and the life of both herself and mother was in danger. Under her pillow was a 38-caliber Smith & Wesson self-acting revolver. She took the pistol in her hand and concealed it under the quilt, then she lay as if asleep.

When the burglar entered the room he walked up to the bed, and, supposing the young woman was sleeping soundly, he began to look around for plunder. The burglar wore a mask and carried a pistol in his hand. He went to the bureau and began to rummage through the drawers.

The bureau stood directly in front of the bed, and while he had his face turned away Miss Kinney quietly raised in the bed, took aim at the villain's head and fired. Instantly the burglar whirled around, and as he did so she fired again and he fell to the floor with a groan. With the smoking pistol in her hands she waited just six minutes, when he died.

Then the alarm was given and a crowd gathered at the house. The burglar proved to be Samuel Kerns, a negro desperado, who has given much trouble.

Death of Ex-Congressman Taulbee

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Taulbee died this morning.

As soon as the police were notified of the death of Taulbee, Kincaid was re-arrested.

Ex-Congressman W. Preston Taulbee of Kentucky, shot in the head by Chas. E. Kincaid, correspondent of the Louisville Times, in the House wing of the Capitol on the afternoon of February 28th, died at 4:45 this morning at the Providence Hospital. Taulbee had been unconscious some time before his death and his end was painless. An autopsy will be held this afternoon, when the ball will be definitely located and the progress of the wound traced.

Kincaid, who had been out on bail, was arrested a very short while after Taulbee's death and was locked up to await the action of the Court. Kincaid made no effort to escape while at liberty and announced his intention to surrender to the authorities if the case should result fatally.

Swapped Wives.

SIDNEY, NEB., March 10.—J. H. Fox and J. Schad are two well-known men, young, well off and well thought of. Schad was much exemplary in his conduct, taught district school and a class in Sunday school, and was, in addition, prominent in the Universalist Church. He has a wife who is young and pretty, and a beautiful child.

Fox is a farmer, and has a wife, who, like Mrs. Schad, is young and pretty. The families became intimate, and Mr. Fox and Mrs. Schad, Mrs. Fox and Mr. Schad soon thought a great deal of each other, much more than they ought, in fact. Finally, when matters had come to a pass when concealment was impossible, the two men got together, and after a prolonged conference, agreed to swap wives.

A few days ago Schad and Mrs. Fox boarded a train for Denver, Schad kissing his wife and child an affectionate good-by. Fox and Mrs. Schad, with the latter's child, are living cosily and apparently happily at Colton.

European Labor Conference.

BERLIN, Mar. 11.—The correspondence between Germany and Great Britain relative to the scope of the International Labor Conference has been made public. Lord Salisbury declined to favor any scheme looking to the legal restriction of the hours of labor.

Professor Gildemeister, the noted Orientalist, is dead.

Used the Firm Name Liberally.

PITTSBURG, Mar. 11.—The affairs of the Baeder Glue Company of New York and Pittsburg, which failed several days ago, are very much muddled. H. R. Kern, one of the New York partners, states that Louis C. Hanger, a Pittsburg member, acknowledged to having obtained large sums on notes to which he signed the firm's name. The exact amount is not known, but Kern thought it would reach at least \$80,000. Hanger is a brother-in-law of General Lew Wallace, and has always been held in the highest esteem.

A More Hopeful Feeling.

ST. LOUIS, March 11.—There is a more hopeful feeling to-day in regard to the flood. Probably successful efforts are being made to stop the Sappington Hook Crevasse near Arkansas City. The Mississippi river from here to Cairo is low. It is raining, however, throughout the Mississippi valley. Some of the railroads at Cairo are under water.

Will Go to San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 11.—A telegram was received at the Navy Department from Commander Bishop of the United States steamer Iroquois, at Port Townsend, Wash., saying that after he has taken on coal and provisions he will take the vessel to San Francisco.

Military Reservation Transfer.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 11.—The President has directed the transfer of the military reservation of Fort Selden, N. M., to the Secretary of the Interior for disposition under the Act of July 5, 1884.

A Charge of Forgery.

NEW YORK, Mar. 11.—A. A. Couter, cashier of the Equitable Bank, was arrested, charged with forgery and with having received deposits when he knew the bank was insolvent. He pleaded not guilty.

Established by a Decree.

RIO JANEIRO, March 11.—Bocayuva, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has returned from his mission to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres. An official decree has been issued establishing three banks in the northern provinces.

Board of Inquiry.

NEW YORK, March 11.—The Board of Inquiry to investigate the charges against Commander McCalla of the United States man-of-war Enterprise met to-day. The committee will decide whether or not to hold a Court-martial.

A Hurdle Race.

LONDON, March 11.—At the Croydon grand international hurdle race, about two miles and a quarter over nine hurdles, the race was won by Water-Proof, Promoter second and Brownie third. There were nine starters.

Twenty Millions of New Stock

PHILADELPHIA, Mar. 11.—At their annual meeting the Pennsylvania Railroad Directors were authorized to issue twenty millions of additional stock, to be used at their discretion for the good of the road.

A State Dinner.

BERLIN, Mar. 11.—Pheps, the American Minister, gave a dinner to-day to Eisendecker, formerly German Minister at Washington.

A Wine-Dealer Falls.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Adolph Eber Meyer, a dealer in California wines, made an assignment to-day to Daniel North. Preferences, \$3,500.

A Material Increase.

BOSTON, Mar. 11.—The Atchison's gross earnings approximated for February an increase of \$425,000.

A Fearful Fall.

The San Francisco Examiner contains an account of the terrible fall of 60 feet by the 10-year-old son of B. F. Bacon, formerly of Reno and Verdi, and his miraculous escape from instant death. Letters received to-day by Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bragg, the little fellow's grandparents, report him as resting easily, and that there are strong hopes of his recovery. The little boy was flying his kite from the roof of the house and in the excitement got too close to the eaves and slipped off.



BETTER THAN GOLD.

For 25 years I suffered from boils, erysipelas and other blood affections, taking during that time great quantities of different medicines without giving me any perceptible relief. Friends induced me to try S. & S. S. It improved me from the start, and after taking several bottles, restored my health as far as I could hope for at my age, which is now seventy-five years.

Mrs. S. M. Lucas, Bowling Green, Ky. Testifies on blood and skin diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

E. C. NORTHROP—DRY GOODS.



FOR 60 DAYS ONLY!

My Entire Stock of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Carpets, Cloaks, Etc. As I have made up my mind

To Leave Reno,

I wish to dispose of as much goods as possible by the

1st OF APRIL, 1st OF APRIL,

And therefore will offer

My Stock at Actual Cost!

NO HUMBUG!

It must be done. No goods will be charged. Bring the money if you want to buy.

Respectfully,

E. C. NORTHROP'S

THE GAZETTE **JOB WORK** Cannot be excelled this Side of San Francisco.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 NUTTAY STREET, N. Y.

RENO LIVERY STABLE,

JOHN POTHOFF, Prop'r

OPPOSITE DEPOT.

Livery and Feed Stable.

First-class turnouts at reasonable prices.

Transient Stock Carefully Provided for.

WEAK MEN MADE STRONG
LOCAL ABSORPTION. A new medicine showing men suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VIGOR, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all kidney and bladder diseases, and that perfect health and vigor without stomach medication. Best medical preparation on application.

REMEMBER! YOU CANNOT REMEMBER! YOU CANNOT

LET YOUR WORK CHEAPER OR ANY

BETTER DONE BY SENDING

AWAY FROM HOME

RENO MILL AND LUMBER CO.

C. Gilling, President; W. S. Bender, Vice; President; Wm. Henry, Secretary; First Nat. Bank, Treasurer.

OFFICE—CORNER THIRD AND RAL

ston streets, Reno, Nevada.

The company incorporated March 12, 1889, and is prepared to fill all orders for building material.

Latest style of Eastlake doors and sashes. We also do turning and scroll sawing, and manufacture doors, windows, blinds, etc.

We also manufacture a kind of common and clear lumber.

Give us a call.

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ARCADE SALOON.

H. E. DAVIS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

THIS SALOON HAS BEEN RECENTLY fitted up in the most modern style, and is presided over by Harry Davis, late of the Depot Hotel, whom everybody knows.

In the State, being always provided with the best of everything.

Give Mr. Davis a call and be convinced.

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\$5 for \$2.

"Our Family Physician" is a valuable and reliable doctor book, given to every new subscriber to the WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Reno Evening Gazette

Published Every Evening Except Sunday.

A. C. BRAGO. A. G. PORTER.

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Daily, one year (by mail) \$6.00
Weekly, one year (by mail) 2.00
Daily, delivered by carrier to any part of Reno (per week) 15

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Daily, one square for one month \$2.50
Weekly, one square for one month 1.25

Tuesday, March 11, 1890

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

Silver Memorial.

Some copies of the memorial address of the National Silver Committee—appointed at the silver convention in St. Louis in November last—have been received by the Salt Lake Tribune. Some of the points are as follows:

Gold and silver are the money of the Constitution, and Daniel Webster is quoted in these words: "The legal tender, therefore, the Constitutional standard of value, is established and cannot be overthrown. To overthrow it would shake the whole system." Congress may demonetize both metals if one, but the States can make nothing legal tender but gold and silver coin. The Act of 1873 was passed by stealth. Prior to that the two metals flowed evenly through all the channels of trade. The world's debts were immense, were based upon the two metals and the annual supply of both. The change brought a mighty enhancement of the purchasing power of gold, and reduced all other values accordingly.

The world's product of the precious metals from 1851 to 1873 is given; then from 1873 to 1878; then from 1878 to 1888, and the effect of the increase and decrease is given in the varying values of money products, and the figures show that the ratio of prices corresponds exactly with the increase or decrease of the metal money. The effect of the fall of silver on the prices of Indian wheat in London is given, which brings out in startling force the fact that for American farmers to sell anything in Europe they must compete directly with the naked natives of India. Next is the argument that the coining of \$2,000,000 monthly has helped to maintain the price of silver; that the absorption of all our product would still further enhance its price. Next, the argument shows that before the use of silver can drive out gold, "prices must be raised above the international level of prices." An elaborate and telling argument is supplied to show that free coinage of silver could result in no harm to the nation's finances, and that it would be followed by an immediate rise in the price of certain articles, notably wheat and cotton. The increasing scarcity of gold and the decreasing supply of the yellow metal are noticed, and the impossibility of supplying the needs of commerce by anything except silver is pointed out. The address closes with an earnest appeal for the full remonetization of silver and with giving terse and unanswerable reasons for the demand. It is altogether a most able document, and should be read by everybody, no matter what views individuals may have upon the subject.

A VERY commendable effort is observable all around to make the Chinese interloper subservient to the law. So far, in both Federal and State Courts, he has had it pretty much his own way. The causes of this curious condition of things are not by any means obscure. They are not such as to put the people on the best terms with themselves. The Chinaman is bred to the notion that justice is as much a subject of barter as rice. The bulletin says: Especially good work is being done by Collector Phelps and his deputies, who hold the gates of entrance firmly. The barefaced falsehoods of the Chinese, which excited nothing but derision on the outside, can be no longer solemnly accepted by courts and commissioners.

THERE is every reason to expect better prices and better conditions for cattle raisers in the near future. A shortage in the supply will soon become visible, and that means an advance all along the line. If farmers would join in the demand for a removal of the oleo tax and put back the tallow product to where it belongs, that would help. This is not the time to cry quit—it is the time to stand firm as the hills—to wait and see the salvation of the Lord, as the book tells us. The bow of promise is still in the sky, and when the wrecks from over marketing are cleared away it will stand out in strong colors, bright and cheering.

THE Times-Review seconds the GAZETTE's hope that the next Republican State Convention will pass an anti-lottery plank.

AN Illinois State officer reports that the corn crop of that State for 1889 sold for \$10,000,000 less than the cost of raising it.

PROSPEROUS FARMERS.

Agricultural Life in the North Island of New Zealand.

For solid comfort and quiet enjoyment of life, there could hardly be a more enviable lot than that of a bush-farmer in the North Island of New Zealand. The climate is truly temperate. The greatest summer heat never exceeds eighty degrees, and there is so little frost in winter that tender plants—like geraniums and heliotropes—remain out and actually blossom all the year round. Yet it is not at all an enervating climate. The bush-farmers are a race of giants, and all domestic animals grow to a great size, and are of prime quality. The bush-farmer usually buys his land from the government, on deferred payments, or else gets a perpetual lease. That means that he pays a very low rent for it until he has saved enough money to make it his own, when he pays from \$5 to \$10 an acre for it, and gets a title guaranteed from the government, which can not afterwards be questioned by anybody. He can buy from twenty acres to 690. Most of the bush-farms are about 150 to 200 acres, and that makes a very nice little property indeed.

The land, when bought, is covered with what is called "virgin bush"—that is, primeval forest, cypress and yew trees, 100 feet or 150 feet high, with a dense undergrowth of smaller vegetation, tangled and matted together by vines and creepers, and with a thick carpet of ferns and brambles. It is all very lovely to look at, but it has to be got rid of before the land can be used, and unless there is a sawmill handy, where the timber can be sold, the only thing to do with it is to fell it and burn it. This takes two years before it is thoroughly done, but by that time the land—which is exceedingly rich—is covered with a magnificent crop of grass, and the farmer is already in a position to start his dairy and to rear young stock for market.

The bush-farmer builds his own house of totara slabs, with the rugged brown bark left on, and a good roof of thatch, made of the rushes which abound on the edge of the bush. Timber costs nothing, so he need not stint himself for space. He generally begins with four good-sized rooms, besides a loft overhead and a cook's hut outside. He makes his own furniture, too, unless he has some household goods which he brings with him in a bullock dray. Many of the farm-houses in the bush are extremely snug inside, with every domestic convenience, and all sorts of little comforts and refinements. In the rougher ones the furniture is limited to plain tables and benches of sawn timber, with benches against the wall to sleep in, and the cooking utensils are only two in number—a frying-pan and a "billy," or tin pot, for boiling or stewing. But even such primitive habitations as these are by no means to be despised. They are warm and wholesome, and when kept clean are really very comfortable. Outside the bush-farmer usually plants some scarlet geraniums, honeysuckles and climbing roses, which soon spread all over the house and convert its rough slabs and thatch into a bower of beauty.

Food abounds on bush farms, and the universal rule there is for men, women and children to eat three square meals a day. The bush is full of wild cattle, wild pigs, wild goats and wild birds, so that there is no butcher's bill to pay, and the larder is always supplied with plenty of the best at the cost of a charge of powder and shot. Then every creek swarms with eels—which are a favorite article of diet—and an excellent vegetable called Maori cabbage grows all around. All that the farmer has to buy is flour, sugar and tea, and these are to be got cheaply enough at the nearest village store and carried up to the farm on a pack-horse or on the farmer's own back. The sturdy folks there think nothing of carrying a "swag" weighing 100 pounds or 150 pounds for fifteen or twenty miles in a day. The farm-house is usually well stocked with hams, bacon, smoked beef or mutton, and all descriptions of stores; and if any number of visitors arrive they are heartily welcomed, and pressed to eat and drink as much as they like. Intoxicating liquor is seldom seen in a New Zealand bush-farm, but tea and milk are universal beverages. The wealthier class of farmers, however, frequently keep a keg of Scotch whisky or a case of Hollands to treat a friend or celebrate high days and holidays.

When once the bush is cleared and the land is paid for the profits of the farm are considerable, and the bankers say some of the snuggest accounts they have are those of the bush-farmers. Once a Week.

SHODDY IS KING.

Nearly All Rags Are Used in the Manufacture of the Material. Housewives must often have wondered where all the rags go to after they pass into the wagon of any one of the several hundred ragmen who pass through the alleys with their monotonous cries. These gatherers of old rags take them to warehouses, where they are bought in bulk and then assorted by girls according to quality. There was a time when most of the rags were sent to paper mills. Now a very small proportion of rags are made into paper, straw and clay being the chief ingredients. Fine linen paper, so called, is made of rags.

Ninety per cent. of the rags collected, however, go into the manufacture of "shoddy," of which cheap, ready-made clothing is manufactured. This stuff is now made up into the brightest and most attractive patterns, and can only be told when new from wool by the expert, and by experience with the wearer. I heard to-day of one "shoddy" mill located at Newark, N. J., which has just increased its capacity to 90,000 pounds of "shoddy" per month, and they have been running overtime for a month. "Shoddy is king," says the wool men, and this accounts for the mercurial condition of the wool market.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Scrofula

In Its Worst Form—"White Swelling" Cured.

The remarkable effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla in the following case illustrates the power of this medicine over all blood diseases: "My son, 7 years old, had a white swelling come on his right leg below the knee, which contracted the muscles so that his leg was drawn up at right angles. Physicians lanced the swelling, which discharged freely, but did not help him materially. I considered him."

A Confirmed Cripple.

I was about to take him to Cincinnati for an operation, expecting his leg would have to be taken off, and began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla in order to get up his strength. The medicine woke up his appetite, and soon pieces of bone were discharged from the sore. We continued with Hood's Sarsaparilla, as it seemed to be doing him so much good, and the discharge from the sore decreased, the swelling went down, the leg straightened out, and in a few months he had perfect use of his leg. He is now apparently as well as ever." JOHN L. MCMURRAY, Notary Public, Ravenswood, W. Va.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by Druggists, \$1.00; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

PROFESSIONAL.

A. DAWSON, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE AT RESIDENCE, WEST STREET between Second and Commercial Row. oct11

W. M. BOARDMAN,

Attorney-at-Law.

Office in Sunderland's Building ap11

DR. W. A. PHILLIPS,

Reno, Nevada.

OFFICE—SUNDERLAND'S BUILDING Night call at Wm. Pinniger's residence.

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RENO, NEVADA. WILL PRACTICE IN all the courts of Nevada and California dec11

Dr. Mayo A. Greenlaw,

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PARLORS IN POWNING'S BUILDING Virginia street.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 A. M. until 5 P. M. Nitrous Oxide Gas given for painless extraction of teeth. All operations in dentistry performed and satisfaction guaranteed. nov11

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RENO OFFICE IN THE POWNING Building, Virginia street, Reno, Nevada. Will practice in all the Courts. oct11

JNO. A. LEWIS, M. D.

RENO NEVADA oct11

THOMAS FITCH,

Attorney-at-Law

OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK Building, Reno, Nevada. dec11

D. ALLEN,

Attorney - at - Law,

AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF Washoe County. Office—Court House Reno, Nevada. feb11

WM. WEBSTER, JR.,

REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTION Agent. Will buy and sell property on commission, rent houses, collect rents, negotiate loans, furnish abstracts and pay taxes. OFFICE WITH WM. WEBSTER, SR., FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, R. feb11

H. FISHER & CO.,

California Steam Candy Factory.

—Dealers in—

Tools and Supplies

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Confectioners & Bakers.

A full line of Tools kept constantly on hand.

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Livery and Feed Stable

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T. K. HYMERS, Proprietor

FIRST-CLASS TURNOUTS AND FINEST Saddle Stock. Careful attention given transient stock. Boarders carefully looked after. oct11

Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhea and Gleet. I prescribe it and sell it as a recommendation. It is sold by Druggists. J. J. GUYER, M.D., Decatur, Ill.

PRICE, \$1.00.

Sold by Druggists.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER, Agents.

C. W. BOOTON—OPERA HOUSE DRY GOODS STORE.

OPERA HOUSE

DRY GOODS STORE.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

Coods Must Be Sold Cheaper Than Ever.

Owing to continued sickness in my family, I had to stop selling my goods at auction and leave for San Francisco last week. But before leaving I gave orders to W. R. Lett, who has special charge of my store, to

Continue Selling Coods at Retail for the next 30 Days at Prices 50 per cent. lower than the regular price asked elsewhere,

Prior to taking stock.

I am determined to make a GRAND CLEARANCE SALE.

Come One, Come All

And get Goods at your Own Price!

Each department still remains freighted with goods which must be closed out at any price.

Men's and Boys' Clothing

In great variety.

Men's and Boys' Shoes

In Immense quantities

Which I will sell at half the price asked for the same quality in any other house in town. Come and see a specialty in

Men's Shoes at \$2 50 a Pair, Worth \$4 50.

Also, I will sell in connection with my specialties a

Fine Assortment of Men's HATS,

In broken lots for \$1 50 each; regular price has been \$3 50 each. I will also offer a specialty for ladies—

A Lady's Shoe for \$2 25, worth \$4 00. Come and examine this shoe and see for yourselves.

LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERWEAR at half price, DRESS GOODS, SILKS AND SATINS way down in price.

All persons who visited my auction can testify that it was a genuine, bona fide sale, and that I sold goods at half the price asked by other houses in town.

Hotel Keepers

Should avail themselves of this opportunity to replenish their stock of towels, napkins and table linen, as I have laid in too heavy a line of these goods, and am determined to unload them at any price, no matter how much I lose. They must be sold at some figure before 30 days' time.

Don't forget the name of the place,

OPERA HOUSE

DRY GOODS STORE.

C. W. BOOTON,

PROPRIETOR.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. O. H. MARTIN,

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada,

DEALER IN...

Shelf Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire, Steel

Cumberland Coal, Lime, Plaster, Cement,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Buckeye and All Other Kinds of Machine Extras a Specialty.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TINWARE AND CROCKERY.

AGENT FOR EMPIRE MOWER. oct11

RICHARD HERZ.

Headquarters for

WATCHES,

DIAMONDS,

JEWELRY.

The Largest

—AND—

Finest Stock,

LOWEST PRICES

GRAND OPENING!

Of Fall and Winter Styles

I am prepared to show the most extensive and well selected stock of

Merchant Tailoring Goods

Everbrought to Reno, and at LOW PRICES

Business suits made to order, \$25 upward.

Pants to order, \$7 up.

Overcoats made up in the latest American fashion for \$25 up.

All work done here under my own supervision, and a fit guarantee.

I have also an extensive stock of

Furnishing Goods, Lovely Assortment Hats, Silk

And WOOLSHIRTS, TRUNKS and VALISES, and prices lower than ever or elsewhere. My price will compare with the times.

S. JACOBS, 16 and 18 Virginia Street, Reno.

Headquarters

FOR

Dry Goods, Cloaks, Carpets,

F. LEVY & BRO.

Are exhibiting the finest in the State.

Everybody can get suited. One price to all

W. PINNIGER,

Apothecary,

Corner of Commercial Row and Virginia Street,

RENO, NEV.

BANKING AND INSURANCE.

D. A. BENDER, President. GEO. W. MAPES, Vice-President. C. T. BENDER, Cashier. GEO. H. TAYLOR, Asst. Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

RENO, - - - NEV. DA.

Cash Capital, \$200,000. Surplus, \$75,000

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care. Foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold.

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Capital Stock Fully Subscribed, - - \$300,000

Will buy and sell exchange on San Francisco, New York, London and the principal Eastern and European cities

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Will transact a general Banking Business. Mining and other stock bought and sold on commission. Agents for several first-class Insurance Companies.

H. J. THYES,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINE, LIQUOR AND CIGARS. FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, Reno, Nevada. Sole Agent for the State of Nevada for Schmidt & Co's Sarsaparilla and Iron Water from Stockton, Cal.

And Idaho Mineral Water and Ginger Ale from Idaho Soda Springs. I also handle Sierra Beer from Reno, Cal., exclusively. Trade and Families supplied. Goods delivered free of charge in town.

First-Class Sideboard.

LUMBAGO.

Lumbago is a form of the chronic stage of rheumatism, in the lumbar region of the spine, which is readily cured by rubbing the part with St. Jacobs Oil. It is commonly known as BACKACHE.

Victoria, Tex., June 22, 1888.
I was in bed two months with backache; suffered about three months. I was cured by St. Jacobs Oil permanently; no return in 14 months.
G. W. JEFFERSON.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

LEGAL.

Publication of Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE State of Nevada, in and for the county of Washoe. The State of Nevada, vs. Nona S. Hickman, greeting: You are hereby required to appear in action commenced against you as defendant by Nona S. Hickman as plaintiff, in the District Court of the State of Nevada, and for the county of Washoe, and answer the complaint therein within ten days after the service on you of this summons (the exclusive day of service), if served in said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, but within said district, and in all other cases forty days, judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint. The said action is brought to recover against you a judgment and decree of divorce on the complaint of the plaintiff herein in which complaint she alleges that you and her were united in marriage at Reno, in the county of Washoe, State of Nevada, January 27, 1888; that you and plaintiff have not lived or cohabited as husband and wife since about August 20, 1888; that you have not at any time since said marriage contributed to her support; that you went away from Reno, Nevada, about the first of November, 1888; that you abandoned plaintiff about August 30th, aforesaid, and have not since said August 30th recognized her as your wife; that she charges against you abandonment and failure to support her and failure to provide for her the common necessities of life for more than one year preceding her complaint made and filed, which failure to support and provide for her is not a result of poverty that could not have been avoided by you by ordinary industry. She claims against you the custody of your minor child, on the ground that you are incompetent to care for him or to have dominion over him, and that you more fully appear from the complaint which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court at Reno, in said county, and to which you are especially referred.

And you are further notified, that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint of suit. In testimony whereof, I, William Webster, have hereunto set my hand this 21st day of January, A. D. 1889.

WILLIAM WEBSTER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

United States Land Office.

SACRAMENTO CITY, CAL.
January 6, 1890.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN compliance with the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled an act for the sale of timber lands in the State of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory, Robert L. Fulton, of Reno, county of Washoe, State of Nevada, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 10,000, Range No. 17 East, M. D. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office, at Sacramento, Cal., on Tuesday, the first day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: J. P. Foulkes of Verdi, P. O., Nevada; T. K. Sweeney of Reno, P. O., Nevada; James Mayberry of Reno, P. O., Nevada; P. L. Gould of Reno, P. O., Nevada. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the first day of April, 1890.

SHELDON HETZEL, Register.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE State of Nevada, in and for the county of Washoe.

In the matter of the estate of Edward Dalton, deceased.
It appearing to me from the petition of Mary Jane Dalton, administratrix of the estate of Edward Dalton, deceased, that it is necessary to sell the real estate in said petition described, for the purpose of paying debts and charges of said estate, and that said estate, it is therefore ordered by the Court that said petition be filed, and all persons interested in said estate be directed to be and appear before said Court at the Courtroom at Reno, in the county of Washoe, on

Saturday, the 29th day of March, A. D. 1890, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of said day, and there to show such cause as they may have against granting the order of sale prayed for in said petition, directing a sale of the real property herein described.
Dated this February 27, 1890.
RICHARD KISING, Judge.

SOCIETY MEETING.

A. O. U. W.
WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 25, A. O. U. W., meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock in their hall in Thompson's new building, on Virginia street, between first and second streets.

B. C. SHEARER, m. w.
A. L. LINN, Recorder.

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCATIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, R. A. M., are held at Masonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All excommunicated members in good standing are cordially invited to attend. By order of the R. H. P. L. L. CROCKETT, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, I. O. O. F., meets at their hall on Chestnut street, over the Congregational Church, Thursdays evenings at 8 o'clock. Visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

BENTON PECK, N. G.
ALEX. BACKUS, Secretary.

LITTLE'S CRIMINAL LIND

NON-POISONOUS

SHEEP DIP!

ONE GALLON MIXED WITH 60 GALLONS of cold water, will dip thoroughly 50 sheep, at a cost of 1 cent each. Easily applied; a nourisher of wool; a certain cure for SCAB. Also

Little's Patent Powder Dip, (POISONOUS).

Mixes instantly with water; prevents the fly from striking. If a two-pound package there is sufficient to dip 20 sheep, and in a seven-pound package there is sufficient to dip 100 sheep.

CATTON, BELL & CO.,
Successors to Walker, Bell & Co.,
No. 406 California Street,
Wool Agency Warehouse, cor. 6th and Townsend streets,
San Francisco, Cal.

WILLIAM DIXON & BROTHER.

DRAUGHTS IN

BEEF, MUTTON, PORK, VEAL, ETC.

Are prepared to furnish the best meats at the lowest living rates.

Orders left at Coffin & Larcombe's will receive prompt attention.

The neatest and most artistic job work at this office.

BRAZIL'S CHIEF PRODUCT.

Introduction and Cultivation of the Coffee Plant South of the Amazon.

As soon as the Brazilian revolution broke out the coffee markets of New York, Baltimore, Havre and London were greatly agitated. Nothing was more natural, since it is known that Brazil alone produces more than half the coffee crop in the world. It has been said also, wrongly or rightly, that the emancipation of the slaves, upon whom coffee cultivation mainly depended, had a great deal to do with the revolution itself. It appears, fortunately, that neither the emancipation nor the revolution will exercise any harmful influence upon the production of the great staple of Brazil.

Although the country was discovered 889 years ago, on April 22, 1500, by the Portuguese Admiral Pedro Alvarez Cabral, more than 200 years elapsed before coffee was known in Brazil. The first trees were imported from Cayenne to Para, in 1727, by Major Palheta, who received them as a present from Mrs. Claude d'Orvillers, of the French colony in Guiana. Export duties prevented, however, extensive cultivation of the tree until the year 1761, when the export duties were abolished. At the same time Chancellor Castello Branco brought to Rio Janeiro some coffee trees, which furnished the seed for the fazendas, or plantations of Rezendes and Sao Goncalo, whence the cultivation spread in most districts of the province of Rio Janeiro, and afterward in the provinces of Sao Paulo and Minas Geraes. In 1770 coffee was imported in the Maranhao, and the first trees in the province of Bahia grew from seed offered by the Capuchin friars of Rio to a planter of Villa Vicosa. The great national product was created, and statistics have repeatedly furnished the figures attained in its further development. The number of coffee bags, something like six millions and a half yearly, is about the same as that of the cotton bales produced in the United States. One hundred and twenty-eight years of the persistent work of Brazil has sufficed to bring about such a splendid result, which can not be altered by political disturbances to any appreciable extent. That is made evident by a review of the attention and great care necessary for coffee cultivation; and if this has been successful and progressive up to the present time, it has been due evidently to individual qualities, which Brazilians are not likely to lose in the future. The cultivation of coffee is not an easy matter. The soil is soon worn out and requires continuous attention in order to maintain it in good condition, inasmuch as fertilizers are not as yet in use and the only kind of manure or fertilizing agent is found in the leaves of the tree.

Another difficulty is that the plant begins to produce beans only when it is two or three years old. From the sixth year the crop keeps on steadily enlarging, until the sixteenth year. From that time until it attains its twenty-fifth year the crop is good and bad alternately. Between the twenty-fifth and thirty-fifth year beans can be gathered only at intervals varying from two to three years; after the thirty-fifth year a crop is given occasionally, but only by trees planted in first-class ground. Coffee is cultivated with profit on hillsides, looking toward the rising sun, which are protected against the cold southern winds of that austral country. Such grounds are to be found all over Brazil, and explains how coffee cultivation extends all over the new great American republic, from the Amazon down to the southern boundary of the province of Sao Paulo, though the production is the most considerable in the provinces of Rio Janeiro, Minas Geraes and Sao Paulo.—N. Y. Tribune.

MENDING AND DARNING.

A Task That Is Not as Easily Performed as Many Men to Think.

In mending gloves let the silk match the color as nearly as possible, and over-seam for a rip; for a tear, button-hole stitch closely around the edges of the hole once, twice, or three, as the size of the hole may demand; then join together with button-hole stitches, thus filling up the hole and strengthening the edges of the rent.

When darning stockings leave a small loop at each end of the thread, for the stocking will stretch and the thread will not, and in filling up do so closely, but not heavily, taking up and leaving alternate threads. A good deal may be saved by cutting down for children's use silk and lisle thread stockings which their elders have outworn. Where this is done the seams should be sewed up by hand, for the sewing-machine cuts the threads and they break away very soon.

When shirt bosoms break stitch a narrow linen tape down the yielding seam on the right side; or, if the bosom is in several places, line the front from armhole to armhole and darn the breaks. Before doing this have all the starch washed out of the garment will be a difficult matter. Never use strong, new cotton cloth for patching old linen; worn cloth is best, or cheap, thin, domestic cloth with the starch washed out. When the cuffs rub out at the edges turn them in and stitch neatly on the sewing-machine. When the neck-bands break up on new ones; a ragged neck-band, stiffly starched, is absolute torture to the wearer. Sheets wear their first in the middle; to mend them, tear them down the center, and stitch the outside edges up together with a flat seam, then patch and hem in the torn sides. If very badly worn, take out the middle part altogether, making either one sheet for a single bed or two for a crib. When pillow cases begin to split make new ones and take the old ones for clean rags, always needed in a household. Never throw away a scrap of flannel or linen. Have the starch washed out of the latter, and keep both where they may be easily got at in case of sickness. If your supply grows unnecessarily large for the needs of your own household, the hospitals will be glad of all you can spare.

Darn table linen as neatly as possible, with fine linen thread; and when tablecloths are past mending cut them down into tray cloths or napkins for common use. Worn-out napkins are useful only as old linen. When merino underwear breaks, darn it as you do stockings, and bind anew with flannel binding when edges fray. The worn edges of coat sleeves are best bound with coat binding; the bottom of pantaloons-legs

should be turned in on both edges, basted and neatly overcast.

In mending dresses a great deal depends upon the ingenuity of the needlewoman. A bit of trimming may easily serve as a patch upon occasion. Thus, a puff around the elbow may cover up a hole in an ornamental way; or a deep cuff may serve the same purpose lower down. A plastron will cover a worn front, and so on.

CROCKS AND JARS.

They Are Made of Potter's Clay and Must Be Fashioned Carefully.

Stoneware is made of potter's clay, which is of a bluish-gray color, very heavy, free from grit, and found in many parts of the world. It is found in considerable quantities in Ohio, Western Pennsylvania and Maryland. It is usually near the surface, just below the common yellow clay. A stratum of it ten to fifteen feet thick is not uncommon, and it is generally easily mined. Before it is ready for use it has to be ground in a mill. Some mills have a combination of large knives and crushing wheels, and are run by steam power. When the grinding is completed the clay is made into large, square blocks, and placed in a cellar where they will keep moist. From here it is taken as needed, and made into smaller balls, proportioned to the size of the crock or jar to be made.

The "turner" takes one of these balls of clay and places it firmly on the center of his "wheel," a metal disk about eighteen inches in diameter, running horizontally, and worked with a foot treadle. As the wheel revolves rapidly he dexterously fashions the ball of clay into the desired shape. By passing a fine wire between the bottom of the jar and the surface of the wheel, they are separated, and the jar is gently lifted and set on a board. When the board is full of jars it is taken to the drying-room, where a regular network of scaffolds holds up the boards full of ware.

In a few days the ware is dry enough to glaze inside, and to decorate or "blue," as the workmen call it. This decorating is sometimes done by hand with a camel's hair brush, and also by the use of stencils cut out of sweat cloth. The ware is now ready for the kiln, which is built of stone and lined inside with bricks. It is about twelve or fifteen feet high, round, with arched or conical top. At the bottom are the flues where the fire is placed. When the kiln is full of ware, which is walled up and a fire is started underneath which is gradually increased until the blaze comes out through the holes in the top of the kiln. This heat is intense; the "burning" lasts about three days. Then the fire is allowed to die, and in a few days the ware can be removed.

The outside glazing on stoneware is accomplished by throwing salt into the kiln just before the burning is completed. The inside glazing is a solution of "slip clay" applied with a force pump before the ware is burned.—Treasure Trove.

JOINED THE BRIGANDS.

Adventures of a Detroit Judge and Sportsman in Sunny Italy.

A strange story of adventure, occurring under the most peculiar circumstances, can be got by the novelist from the life of Judge Longworth, so well known in Detroit as a lover of aquatic sport and as the owner of the yacht Minx.

The judge's travels took him to Italy, says the Detroit News. Once there his attention was attracted to the brigands who still infest the country of hand-organ and unrivaled sunsets. He at once conceived the novel idea of joining some band of these freebooters and from this vantage-point studying the character of those whose real identity had been obscured if not lost in the long-maintained environment of legend, story and song. For one of the judge's nature, to conceive was to act. He sought out the leader of a widely-known band, declared himself a freebooter of the deepest dye, and by his inimitable grace of act and language won the heart of the chief marauder. He was received under the prestige of an indorsement that was more to the brigands than any claim of law or morals.

For two months the judge did more to enliven the mountain fastnesses than all the rest of the merry outlaws combined. His stories were the best, his courtly manners the best ideal of cultivated lawlessness. His hand was incapable of outrage or crime, and it is a part of this true revelation that had the judge remained much longer a member of the band it would have become impoverished. He deftly managed to acquire a virtual leadership, and saved many a traveler from paying the toll so ruthlessly demanded by the bandits. He could shoot better than any of his self-chosen companions, was their superior in every thing that attracts even those who lack the qualities and abilities admired.

All of the band looked upon him as a peculiar good fortune bestowed by some kindly deity of lucky chance or fate, and his advice was accepted where that of others would have been violently repented. To his associates he was the prince of good fellows, and not one suspected that his sole purpose was to study the Italian bandit in life and learn by intimate association just who and what he was. For eight weeks he was a happy, rollicking bandit, and when his purpose was accomplished he was guilty of a well-managed desertion, for bandits, like a certain type of office-holders, may die, but they can never resign. He got out of the mountains and land of Italy.

He who has reached a high plane of performance has increased his peril for every subsequent performance. He will always be measured from that plane. Unless he can strain every effort to the pitch of his former best work, all his subsequent work will be deemed a deterioration. But if this were not so, high accomplishment would not be worth the name. Great is the risk of greatness; yet it is better to "Choose to walk high with sublimer dread, Rather than crawl in safety."

—Lemon sage is very good in the early stages of colds. This is an infusion of sage mixed with hot lemonade.

GIGANTIC WORMS.

They Are Natives of Australia, and at Least Six Feet Long.

The work of earth-worms in the operations of nature is a very important one. Darwin has shown us that they are constantly occupied in making the earth more mellow by perforating it with their galleries, and that they enrich it by collecting in these subterranean passages earth that has been subjected to change in their intestines, and also leaves, which have fallen to the ground and are dragged into their retreats.

But if these little beings can accomplish such wonders it would be interesting to know whether the Megascolides Australis, an earth-worm of Australia, has a like mission. This creature is of the size of an ordinary adder, and at least six feet long. A writer in La Nature says that it is usually to be found on the banks bordering small rivers, though it occasionally seeks the open country, where one may come upon it by pulling up a stump or upturning the earth.

It is not an easy matter to drag this gigantic worm from the winding galleries which form its retreat. It glides about the sinuous passages with great rapidity, inflating its anterior and posterior extremities at will, and thus bracing itself against the walls, which it renders slimy by a secretion from its own body.

Its moist substance slips easily through the hands which would restrain it, and when once fastened to the adhesive walls of its home it can only be removed by breaking its length in two.

This giant among worms lives a comparatively peaceful life, since its physical features furnish admirable defense against such enemies as it might naturally have. Its body exhales a strong odor similar to that of crocodiles, and it has the power of ejecting, to a distance of several inches, jets of milky fluid. Moreover, its life is entirely a subterranean one, and thus it is secure from the attacks of carnivorous animals.

Naturalists, of course, have an interest in its capture, and the aborigines use the oily fluid into which the dead body of the creature resolves itself, as a remedy for rheumatism, but it is not very actively sought. When such worms are once dragged from beneath the surface, however, they lose the agility which, Anteus-like, they seem to gain from contact with the earth, and lie absolutely passive, making no attempt to move.

BEATING A LAWYER.

How a Farmer Made a Handsome Sum Without Much Trouble.

One of the best gems of Allen, of Mississippi, says a Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune, was dropped the other night at Chamberlain's. Half a dozen congenial spirits were seated together at a table and one thing and another led Allen to reel off a full dozen of stories. The last one was about his Tupelo constituent, Bill Brown. Bill is an old farmer who owns half the marshes around Allen's native city. A year ago he bought a young bull from a lawyer who is a shrewd fellow and known throughout Allen's district.

"Brown wasn't quite sure of his bargain," said Allen, "so every time the lawyer went that way he hedged so much that the lawyer grew extravagant in his praise."

"I tell you, Brown," said he, as he rode by the farm-house, "that's the finest animal in the whole country. I've ridden any time two miles out of my way just to pass it in my meadow. I sold it to you for \$75, but I reckon it's worth—"

"How much is it worth, cap'n?" said the farmer.

"Well, if I was selling it to-day I wouldn't let it go for a cent less than \$250. It's worth that and I congratulate you on shaming me so neatly."

Bill Brown felt pretty good over the bull, and every time he saw the lawyer they talked about it, the lawyer always repeating that he would not sell it for less than \$250.

The lawyer in the meantime had become counsel for a Mississippi railroad and had to appraise and settle all difficulties for the corporation.

One day as he sat in his office loutish Bill Brown came in, twirled his hat between his thumbs, and said in a wheedling tone:

"I reckon that 'air bull is good for a pertum, cap'n."

"Certainly, Mr. Brown, certainly; \$250 couldn't buy it of me if I still had it in my possession."

"Well, cap'n, that 'air bull was run over by yer railroad las' night, an' I reckon you'll see that they pay me \$250 for it."

QUARRYING ONYX.

How It Is Taken from the Mexican Mines in Blocks.

Some rare specimens of Mexican onyx and mosaic agate from Southern Mexico may be seen in one of the Coleman House parlors. They are the property of William Cooper, a gentleman who has traveled almost the entire globe. He has a passion for exploring, and he found this beautiful collection in the volcano of Zempoatepetl, in the extreme southern part of Mexico, one hundred and eighty miles south from the nearest station on the Mexican railroad.

Mexican onyx is a form of stalagmite, and its colors are formed of oxides of metals in the earth over the caves through which calcareous water passes. Gold is represented by purple, silver by yellow, iron by red, copper by green and arsenic and zinc by white. Volcanic eruptions and earthquakes have almost destroyed the caves in which onyx exists, and the native Indians who mine it have to cut through masses of ruins.

Blocks of the material are quarried in a primitive way, in order not to shatter the substance. Deep round holes are drilled by hand on a line. In each hole is inserted a snug-fitting piece of wood, which has been grooved from end to end. Hot water is poured into the grooves at night. This swells the wood and the block is split along the line without damage. The natives then saw the block into slabs and polish the surface by hand. Each piece is transparent, and when placed between the eyes and a strong light presents a remarkably beautiful effect in form and color.—N. Y. Times.



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